November 5, 2015

Andre Knoesen  
Gina Anderson  
Davis Division Academic Senate

Subject: Response Letter to Proposal for a Minor in Public Health Sciences

Dear Dr. Knoesen and Ms. Anderson:

The Faculty Executive Committee met with Brad Pollock, Chair of Public Health Sciences, Dr. Lorena Garcia, and Amber Carrere. After a brief discussion, the FEC voted and unanimously endorsed the proposal for a minor in Public Health Sciences.

Respectfully,

[Signature]

Martha E. O’Donnell, Ph.D.  
Chair, Faculty Executive Committee
October 26, 2015

Chair of the Academic Senate
Professor Andre Knoesen
academicsenatechair@ucdavis.edu

Dear Professor Knoesen:

I am writing to give my full support to the proposal for an undergraduate minor in Public Health. The Department of Public Health Sciences' new minor provides much needed formal training in public health to the many UC Davis undergraduates considering a career in the health sciences. Training in disease prevention and health promotion will benefit students interested in medicine, nursing, and other allied health professions and well as those considering a graduate degree in public health. In addition, the proposal responds to the UC Office of the President's recommendation to expand and diversify the pipeline to graduate training in public health.

The Department of Public Sciences has sufficient resources to host a very successful Public Health minor. The required courses are already approved or in the process of approval with Instructors of Record identified. The Department's administrative staff includes two very capable Student Affairs Officers who have systems in place to advise students, track their academic progress, and to place those interested in an internship. Finally, a new Director of Undergraduate Education, Dr. Lorena Garcia, Associate Professor, will provide academic leadership for the minor.

Sincerely,

Julie Ann Freischlag, MD
Vice Chancellor for Human Health Sciences
Dean of the School of Medicine
University of California, Davis
Chair of the Academic Senate
Professor Andre Knoesen
academicsenatechair@ucdavis.edu

Dear Professor Knoesen:

I have attached a proposal for a minor in Public Health for your review and approval. The Department of Public Health Sciences developed the new minor in response to tremendous student demand for coursework in public health and the UC Office of the President’s recommendation to expand and diversify the pipeline to graduate training in public health.

Our Department has a deep commitment to graduate education in both the School of Medicine and the Graduate Group in Epidemiology. But we have offered SPH 101: Perspectives in Public Health for approximately 20 years in order to expose undergraduates to an exciting and rewarding career path in disease prevention and health promotion. We now teach SPH 101 twice each year in response to student demand, and enrollment continues to grow. A new undergraduate course offered in Fall 2014, SPH 104: Globalization and Health, was very popular with students, as we expect two new classes to be (SPH 102: Health Disparities and SPH 102: Introduction to Epidemiology and Biostatistics). The proposal for a Public Health Minor requires 20 units of coursework, with 10-11 required units taught by our department and 10 units of electives from our department and across the campus.

The Department of Public Health Sciences’ faculty support this proposal, with 9 of 15 Academic Senate members and 3 of 8 Academic Federation members and 2 out of without salary voting in favor of the Public Health Minor. I have included a strong letter of support from Julie Freishlag, MD, MPH, the Dean of the School of Medicine.

Sincerely,

Brad H. Pollock, M.P.H., Ph.D.
Professor and Chairman
Arlene Miller Rolkin Chair in Public Health Sciences
Department of Public Health Sciences
School of Medicine
E-mail: bpollock@ucdavis.edu
Rationale and Background

Why does UC Davis need a minor in Public Health?

The Public Health minor was developed in response to student demand for coursework in public health and the need to expand and diversify the candidate student pipeline to graduate training in public health. The Institute of Medicine defines the mission of public health as “...fulfilling society’s interest in assuring conditions in which people can be healthy.” (1) This can range from applying epidemiological methods and biostatistical techniques to identify the cause of a disease, to an emergency response to an earthquake or flood, to implementing multiple educational and policy strategies to reduce smoking rates in populations.

Since 2002 the Department Public Health Sciences (PHS) offered a Master in Public Health (MPH), which is the most common graduate professional degree in the public health field (2). Public Health Sciences faculty taught a limited number of undergraduate courses in public health over the years, and the Department is now in the process of expanding its commitment to undergraduate education.

UC Davis student demand for undergraduate courses in public health is growing. The Public Health Sciences Department taught SPH 101: Perspectives in Public Health for approximately 20 years. Since the winter of 2012, 255 undergraduates have taken SPH 101. Due to student demand, the Department now offers the course twice each academic year (every winter and spring quarter) and expanded enrollment to 70 students each quarter to accommodate the growing demand. In the summer of 2015, the course was approved as a GE requirement - topical breadth for science and engineering and social sciences. PHS could easily double enrollment because of the large number of students interested in the health field: volunteers in the student-run clinics, members of the 41 health-related student clubs or groups on campus, and hundreds of students majoring in a variety of subjects including Human Development, Neurobiology, Physiology and Behavior, Biological Sciences and Nutrition Science. In addition, the UC Davis Pre-Health Student Alliance (a partnership between the pre-medical and pre-health student organizations, fraternities, and sororities at UC-Davis and other local colleges in Sacramento) has hosted for 13 years the nation’s largest pre-health professions conference. This annual event brings together school administrators from nearly all United States medical schools and a wide variety of other Pre-Health Professional schools, including Public Health, Dentistry, Pharmacy, and Nursing. The 3-day event includes over 350 presentations, panels and workshops that focus on engaging and recruiting a diverse cohort of students to the health sciences.

Many of the UC campuses already offer a minor and major in public health, including UC Berkeley, UCLA, UC San Diego, UC Irvine, and UC Merced. This trend within the UC system is consistent with a growth nationally in undergraduate public health education (2). Between 1992 and 2012, the number of
institutions conferring undergraduate degrees in public health increased from 45 to 176, and the number of graduates grew from 759 in 1992 to 6, 464 in 2012 (2). In 2012, 751 undergraduates obtained a degree in public health from 11 different California colleges and universities (2).

APHA published a special issue in 2006 titled “Health Workforce Shortage: Left Unchecked, Will We Be Protected? “ The report focused on the need to increase the number of students pursuing public health degrees to address the severe workforce shortage in areas that were critical to public health, in particular epidemiology, public health nursing, laboratory science and environmental health fields (3). The decline and loss of public health workers was primarily attributed to a reduction in funding resources and the large number of the public health workers retiring and/or transitioning to other job opportunities such as those in the private sector. Training students in public health careers is critical so that emergencies such as disasters like Hurricane Katrina and outbreaks such as measles, pertussis, SARS and epidemics of influenza or Ebola can be effectively addressed. The University of California Office of the President’s public health workforce assessment, released in 2004, predicted a shortage of formally trained public health professionals and noted a lack of diversity among public health professionals contributing to a mismatch between the public health workforce and the highly diverse public we serve (4). To solve these problems, the committee made several recommendations, including the expansion of undergraduate education in public health. The committee wrote:

“Access to undergraduate public health courses increases student exposure to the field. UCB’s reestablishment—after a hiatus of 34 years—of an upper division major in public health is a good step in this direction. Similarly, UCLA recently introduced an undergraduate public health minor. Expanding undergraduate classes will help to train more students in public health, regardless of their major area of study, and will contribute to a better-educated workforce. These programs also serve to increase the pool of candidates for graduate study in public health and other health professions.”

Finally, the Public Health minor at UC Davis will not duplicate the course offerings of other campus degree programs. For instance, a minor in statistics may cover similar quantitative skills but not the application of those skills to health issues, whereas a minor in public health will introduce training for the translational, applied use of biostatistical skills and tools. The minor in Community Nutrition provides knowledge on a specialized heath topic (i.e. diet and health), without considering other behaviors, community factors and influences on health. The new Global Disease Biology undergraduate major has a global emphasis that integrates human, veterinary and plant health, in contrast to Public Health’s exclusive (and more broadly based) focus on human health.

**Details of a Public Health Minor**

The Public Health minor will offer undergraduate students a foundation of knowledge for those who plan to enter the field of public health immediately following graduation and for those planning to earn an advanced degree in Public Health or a related field including medicine, nursing, laboratory science
and environmental health. It is open to students from all four colleges at UC Davis. The minor in Public Health offers the option of doing an internship for 2–4 elective units.

Students who complete the minor in Public Health will demonstrate the following:

1. Knowledge of key content regarding epidemiology and biostatistics, major health conditions, disease prevention strategies, and health disparities.
2. Knowledge of key determinants of health and disease, including biological factors, individual behavior, and social, political, and cultural influences.
3. Ability to communicate orally and in writing about concepts in epidemiology and biostatistics, disease prevention, and health disparities.

There are 11 units of core courses taught by the Department of Public Health Sciences that are required for the Public Health minor. SPH 101: Introduction in Public Health (3 units) is an upper division survey course that introduces students to key concepts in public health. It uses Introduction to Public Health by Mary Jane Schneider (5) as the course textbook to provide foundational readings on epidemiology and biostatistics and the distribution of disease; chronic diseases as the leading causes of death and disability in the US; the US health care system and the influences of quality, cost, and access on the health of the public; the health care reform landscape and the possible roles of public health in it; and, the most important public health problems/issues of our time, including income and health disparities, aging of the population, physical inactivity, obesity, population, and climate change. A new course, SPH 102: Introduction to Human Epidemiology (4 units), will provide deeper knowledge of epidemiology for public health. Completion of STA 13: Elementary Statistics is required for enrollment in SPH 102 so that the student has the quantitative/math skills for SPH 102. SPH 290: Topics in Public Health (1 unit) brings real world public health challenges, programs and practices to the classroom with public health practitioners presenting their work on a range of topics, such as the pertussis (whooping cough) outbreak in California; policy and educational approaches to tobacco control. Finally, students will have the option to choose between learning more about global or domestic public health issues through SPH 104: Globalization and Health (3 units) or a new course, SPH 103: Health Disparities in the US (2 units).

In addition to the 10-11 units of required courses, at least 9-10 units of elective courses are required for a minor at UC Davis. The elective courses are offered in the Department of Public Health Sciences and in more than 10 departments across three schools and four colleges at UC Davis. The elective courses offer students the opportunity to improve skills in a technical area, such as biostatistics, bioinformatics or toxicology (ECS 124; EXT 101); to learn about cultural competencies in medicine and public health (CHE 121; ASA 132); or to learn more about the health care system (SOC 154; ECN 132). Students may also complete a maximum of 4 elective units on a practice or research internship (SPH 192 or SPH 199). A faculty advisor will be required for a research internship, and a faculty or community preceptor will be required for a public health practice internship.
How will students apply for the Public Health minor?

The Advising Center for the minor is located in the Department of Public Health Sciences, Medical Sciences 1C, Suite 181B. Students applying to the minor should contact Amber Carrere, Student Affairs Officer at PHSInstAffairs@ucdavis.edu.

Where can students get more information about the Public Health minor?

The Public Health minor will be administered by the Public Health Sciences Department in the Medical Sciences 1-C on the UC Davis campus. The Public Health minor will be supervised by Lorena Garcia, Director of Undergraduate Studies, Department of Public Health Sciences. Students in the minor will be advised by Amber Carrere, Student Affairs Officer, Department of Public Health Sciences.

For more information students can visit the minor website at: http://phs.ucdavis.edu/education/undergraduate.php.

Students can also contact:

Amber Carrere, Student Affairs Officer
Department of Public Health Sciences - Medical Sciences 1C, Suite 181B
University of California, Davis
Davis, CA 95616
E-mail: PHSInstAffairs@ucdavis.edu
Phone: (530) 754-4992 Fax: (530) 752-0903

References

Requirements for enrollment and completion of the minor

Successful completion of the minor requires the following:

- The minor must be outside the department or program of the student’s major.
- A minor application must be filed with and approved by the Department of Public Health Sciences.
- Courses used to satisfy the requirements of a minor, including those completed elsewhere, must be approved by an advisor in the sponsoring department.
- Minimum overall GPA of 2.0 for coursework completed in the minor.
- To receive a minor program notation on the student’s transcript, the student must successfully complete the minor’s required curriculum and file a minor petition (available from the College of the student’s major) no later than the deadline for filing for graduation, to get a minor program notation on the student’s transcript. The transcript notation will appear as “Public Health.”
- Elective courses may include up to 4 units of internship and or research credit toward the minor. For the minor: SPH 192, 198 & 199 must be taken under the supervision of a Department of Public Health Sciences faculty member and a signed/completed contract must be on file in the advising center office before taking the class.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public Health Minor (20 units) -Proposed</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total units required for the minor: 20</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total l units required for the minor: 9-10 units minimum; 10-11 units from list of electives</td>
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<tr>
<td>Required core courses (10-11 units)</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course number</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Quarter Offered</th>
<th>Grade base</th>
<th>Prerequisites</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SPH 101</td>
<td>Introduction to Public Health (McCurdy/Pocekey)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>W, S</td>
<td>A-F</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPH 102</td>
<td>Introduction to Human Epidemiology (Garcia)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>A-F</td>
<td>STA 13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPH 290</td>
<td>Topics In Public Health</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>F,W, S, SII</td>
<td>P/NP</td>
<td>none</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Choose One of the Following Classes:</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPH 104</td>
<td>Globalization and Health (De Vogli)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>A-F</td>
<td>SPH 101</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPH 103</td>
<td>Health Disparities (Garcia)</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>A-F</td>
<td>SPH 101</td>
</tr>
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</table>
Required minor electives (10-11 units minimum to complete the 20 unit requirement)
Some courses may require prerequisites; additional elective courses can be approved by an advisor
*Only one of these courses counts toward the minor; consent of advisor or preceptor is required

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Course number</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Units</th>
<th>Quarter Offered</th>
<th>Grade base</th>
<th>Area of Public Health Emphasis</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOC 154</td>
<td>Sociology of Health Care</td>
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<td>A-F</td>
<td>Health Policy and Administration</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECN 132</td>
<td>Health Economics</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>A-F</td>
<td>Health Policy and Administration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAP 195</td>
<td>Healthcare to Underserved Populations</td>
<td>1 unit; 2 units max.</td>
<td>W,S</td>
<td>A-F</td>
<td>Health Policy and Administration</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAP 192C</td>
<td>Primary Care Clinics (1-2)</td>
<td>1 unit; 2 units max.</td>
<td>F,W,S</td>
<td>P/NP</td>
<td>Health Policy and Administration</td>
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<td>CHE 121</td>
<td>Chicana/o Community Mental Health</td>
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<td>A-F</td>
<td>Health Disparities</td>
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<tr>
<td>ASA 132</td>
<td>Health Issues Confronting Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>A-F</td>
<td>Health Disparities</td>
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<tr>
<td>EXT 101</td>
<td>Principles of Environmental Toxicology</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>A-F</td>
<td>Environmental Health</td>
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<tr>
<td>HIS 109B</td>
<td>Environmental Change, Disease and public health</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>A-F</td>
<td>Environmental Health</td>
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<tr>
<td>CRD 149</td>
<td>Community Development Perspectives on Environmental Justice</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>A-F</td>
<td>Environmental Health</td>
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<tr>
<td>COM 161</td>
<td>Health Communication</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>A-F</td>
<td>Social and Behavioral Sciences</td>
</tr>
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<td>PSY 126</td>
<td>Health Psychology</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>A-F</td>
<td>Social and Behavioral Sciences</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECS 124</td>
<td>Theory and Practice of Bioinformatics</td>
<td>4</td>
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<td>A-F</td>
<td>Bioinformatics</td>
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<tr>
<td>ABT 185</td>
<td>GIS: Applied Biological Systems Analysis</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>A-F</td>
<td>Bioinformatics</td>
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<td>PMI 129Y</td>
<td>One Health: Human, Animal, &amp; Environment</td>
<td>3</td>
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<td>A-F</td>
<td>One Health/Global Health</td>
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<td>Course Code</td>
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<td>Units</td>
<td>Schedule</td>
<td>Notes</td>
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<tr>
<td>ANT/STS 129</td>
<td>Health and Medicine in a Global Context</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>A-F</td>
<td>Global Health</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPH 290</td>
<td>Topics in Public Health Seminar</td>
<td>1 unit; 3 units max.</td>
<td>F,W,S</td>
<td>P/NP</td>
<td>General Public Health</td>
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<td>CHI 40</td>
<td>Comparative Health: Top Leading Causes of Death</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>A-F</td>
<td>General Public Health/Health Disparities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPH 92/192*</td>
<td>Internship in Community Health Practice</td>
<td>4 units maximum</td>
<td>F,W,S</td>
<td>P/NP</td>
<td>Internship</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPH 199*</td>
<td>Research in Community and International Health</td>
<td>4 units maximum</td>
<td>F,W,S</td>
<td>P/NP</td>
<td>Research</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPH 198*</td>
<td>198. Study in Community and International Health</td>
<td>4 units maximum</td>
<td>F,W,S</td>
<td>P/NP</td>
<td>Independent Study</td>
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<tr>
<td>SPH 198*</td>
<td>198. Study in Community and International Health through the UC Davis Health Education and Promotion (HEP) Program</td>
<td>4 units maximum</td>
<td>F,W,S</td>
<td>P/NP</td>
<td>Internship, UC Davis Health Education and Promotion (HEP) Program</td>
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<tr>
<td>STA 13</td>
<td>Elementary Statistics</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>F,W,S</td>
<td>Statistics</td>
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<tr>
<td>STA 100</td>
<td>Applied Statistics for Biological Sciences</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>F,W,S</td>
<td>Statistics</td>
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<tr>
<td>STA 144</td>
<td>Sampling Theory of Surveys</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Statistics</td>
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<td>ECON 132</td>
<td>Health Economics</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>Economics</td>
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<tr>
<td>ECON 140</td>
<td>Econometrics</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>Economics</td>
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</table>

*Students minoring in Public Health can suggest additional courses as appropriate. Courses will be reviewed by the minor Director and approved on an as needed basis.
**Course Descriptions**

**SPH 101. Introduction to Public Health (3)**
Lecture—3 hours. Prerequisite: undergraduate standing. Covers comprehensively the responsibilities, obligations, roles and professional activities of various health care disciplines in the community; provides students with perspectives on preventive medicine in society.—Graded. Offered winter and spring quarters. II. III. Pocekay, McCurdy

**SPH 102. (New Course) Introduction to Human Epidemiology (3)**
Lecture/Discussion-4 hours. Introduction on the fundamental principles of epidemiology, exploring patterns of disease, threats to health and epidemiological methods for prevention, control and treatment. (III) Garcia.

**SPH 103. (New Course) Health Disparities in the US (2)**
Lecture/Discussion-2 hours. An introduction to the research that helps understanding health disparities and social determinants in the United States; review of culturally responsive approaches. (II) Garcia.

**SPH 104. Globalization and Health: Evidence and Policies (3)**
Lecture/Discussion - 3 hours. Open to undergraduate and graduate level students. The course Globalization and Health brings all these questions together to investigate the multiple effects of globalization on health and emphasizes available evidence and policies.-(I) De Vogli

**SOC 154. Sociology of Health Care (4)**
Lecture—3 hours; Discussion—1 hour or term paper or research project. Overview of sociological research in medicine and health care, with emphasis on the organizational, institutional, and social psychological aspects. GE credit: SocSci | SS.

**ECN 132. Health Economics (4)**
Lecture—3 hours; Discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: course 100 or consent of instructor. The health care market, emphasizing the role and use of economics. Individual demand, provision of services by doctors and hospitals, health insurance, managed care and competition, the role of government access to health care.—II. (II.) Cameron

**FAP 192C. Primary Care Clinics (1–2)**
Clinical activity—6–8 hours; seminar—2 hours; lecture—1–2 hours. Prerequisite: consent of instructor, enrollment at the UC Davis campus, upper-division standing. Students must apply and interview with the Board of Clinica Tepati or Imani Clinic. Field experience introduces students to health care delivery, patient histories and physical examinations, health promotions and disease prevention, diagnosis and treatment of episodic, acute and chronic illness, basic laboratory testing and appropriate referral and follow-up. May be repeated for credit. (P/NP grading only.)—I, II, III, IV. (I, II, III, IV.) Edison-Ton, Hitzeman, Smith 2 units max to be used for minor.

**FAP 195. Health Care to Underserved Populations (1)**
Lecture—1 hour. Prerequisite: sociology, political science, or applied behavioral science background recommended, or registration in medical school. Discusses sociocultural perspectives of underserved populations in California impacting their health; roles of family/interpersonal relationships in making health care decisions; and clinician's perspectives in treating people of cultures which are unfamiliar and/or uncomfortable with Western medicine. May be repeated for credit. (P/NP grading only.)—II, III, IV. (I, II, III, IV.) Nesbitt

**CHI 40. Comparative Health: Top Leading Causes of Death (4)**
Lecture/Discussion—3 hours; discussion—1 hour.
Prerequisite: Statistics 13 or consent by instructor. Introduction to the epidemiology of the leading causes of death for ethnic/racial minorities. Assessment of disproportionate rates at which ethnic/racial minorities suffer and die
from chronic and infectious diseases and injuries and statistical methods used to calculate these rates. Not open for credit to students who have completed course 40S. GE credit: SciEng, Div, Wrt | QL, SE, WE.—II.

**CHI 121. Chicana/o Community Mental Health (4)**  
Lecture—3 hours; term paper. Prerequisite: course 10 or 20. Mental health needs, problems, and service utilization patterns of Chicanas/os and Latinas/os will be analyzed. An analysis of social service policy, and the economic context of mental health programs. Offered Alternate Years. GE credit: SocSci, Div, Wrt | ACGH, DD, OL, SS, WE.—Flores

**ASA 132. Health Issues Confronting Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders (4)**  
Lecture/Discussion—4 hours. Health issues confronting Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders. (Same course as Public Health Sciences 132.) GE credit: SocSci | SS.

**EXT 101. Principles of Environmental Toxicology (4)**  
Lecture—3 hours; Discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: Chemistry 8B, 118B, or 128B and Biological Sciences 1A. Principles of toxicology with a focus on environmental, industrial, and natural chemicals. Topics include fate and effects of chemicals in organisms and the environment, air pollutants, insecticides, aquatic toxicology, endocrine disruptors, biomarkers and bioassays, and risk assessment. GE credit: SciEng | SE, SL.—I. (I.) Denison

**HIS 109B. Environmental Change, Disease and Public Health (4)**  
Lecture/Discussion—3 hours; term paper. Analysis of environmental changes from pre-history to the present and their influence on disease distribution, virulence and public health; many of these changes have been driven by human action and transformations of pathogens have accelerated under globalization. GE credit: SciEng or SocSci, Div | SE or SS, SL.—I. (I.) Davis

**CRD 149. Community Development Perspectives on Environmental Justice (4)**  
Lecture/Discussion—4 hours; extensive writing or discussion; project; term paper. Prerequisite: social science research methods course. Environmental justice social movements; inequitable distribution of pollution on low-income communities of color; histories, policies, and innovations associated environmental justice movements in the United States and around the world. Offered in alternate years. GE credit: SocSci, Div, Wrt | DD, OL, SS, VL, WE.—III. London

**COM 161. Health Communication (4)**  
Lecture/Discussion—4 hours. Health communication theories and research, including a review of research on health literacy, social support and coping, doctor-patient interaction, health communication campaigns, and media influences on health. Application of new communication technologies in health promotion. GE credit: SocSci | SS.—III. (III.) Bell

**PSY 126. Health Psychology (4)**  
Lecture—4 hours. Prerequisite: course 1, 41, 101. Pass One open to Psychology majors only. Psychological factors influencing health and illness. Topics include stress and coping, personality and health, symptom perception and reporting, heart disease, cancer, compliance, and health maintenance and promotion. Not open for credit to students who have completed course 160.—II, III. (II, III.) Emmons, Moons

**ANT /STS 129. Health and Medicine in a Global Context (4)**  
Lecture/discussion—3 hours; term paper. Prerequisite: course 2 or Science and Technology Studies 1. Recent works in medical anthropology and the science studies of medicine dealing with social and cultural aspects of global health issues such as AIDS, pandemics, clinical trials, cultural differences in illnesses, diabetes, organ trafficking, medical technologies, illness narratives, and others. (Same course as Science and Technology Studies 129.) GE credit: SocSci, Div, Wrt | SS, WC, WE.
ECS 124. Theory and Practice of Bioinformatics (4)
Lecture—3 hours; Laboratory—1 hour. Prerequisite: course 10 or 30 or Engineering 6; Statistics 12 or 13 or 32 or 100 or 131A or Mathematics 135A; Biological Science 1A or Molecular and Cellular Biology 10. Fundamental biological, mathematical and algorithmic models underlying bioinformatics and systems biology; sequence analysis, database search, genome annotation, clustering and classification, functional gene networks, regulatory network inference, phylogenetic trees, applications of common bioinformatics tools in molecular biology and genetics. GE credit: SciEng | SE.—III. (III.) Gusfield, Filkov, Tagkopoulos

PMI 129Y. One Health: Human, Animal & Environment Interfaces (3)
Lecture/discussion—3 hours; web electronic discussion. Class size limited to upper division undergraduate students in good standing with the school and who fulfill the course prerequisites below. Enrollment limited to 100 students/term. Introduction to fundamentals, challenges, and opportunities in One Health using local and global health case studies. Animal, human, and environmental health problems, along with tools and transdisciplinary approaches, will be introduced to foster innovative thinking that addresses complex issues. GE credit: SciEng or SocSci | OL, SE or SS, SL.—III. (III.) WA Smith

*SPH 92/192. Internship in Community Health Practice (1-12)
Internship—3-36 hours. Prerequisite: upper division and graduate students; consent of instructor. The student, through fieldwork in a community health agency, learns to apply theory and concepts learned in the classroom. (P/NP grading only) 4 unit’s maximum for minor. This course is to be arranged by the student and interested faculty.

*SPH 198. Study in Community and International Health (1-5)
Prerequisite: undergraduate standing and consent of instructor. Study and experience for undergraduate students in any number of areas in community and international health. (P/NP grading only.) 4 unit’s maximum for minor. This course is to be arranged by the student and interested faculty.

*SPH 198. Study in Community and International Health through the UC Davis Health Education and Promotion (HEP) Program
1 unit per quarter for nonpaid volunteers; up to two units per quarter for paid student staff who work for HEP. Students need to contact Polly Paulson directly for course approval, pc paulson@ucdavis.edu. (P/NP grading only)- I, II, III. (I, II, III.)

(Both paid and volunteer student positions with HEP require an application and interview. The selection process takes place Winter quarter for the paid student assistant positions and Spring quarter for unpaid volunteer positions for the following full academic year. Refer to http://healthcenter.ucdavis.edu/heap/student-positions.html for more information and application deadlines.)

*SPH 199. Research in Community and International Health (1-5)
Prerequisite: undergraduate standing; consent of instructor. Student will work with faculty member in areas of research interest, including but not limited to injury control, international health, health policy, occupational and environmental health, health promotion and wellness, women’s health, and health demographics. (P/NP grading only) 4 unit’s maximum for minor. This course is to be arranged by the student and interested faculty.

SPH 290. Topics in Public Health (1)
Seminar—1.5 hours. Prerequisite: open to students in Master of Public Health program or consent of instructor. Seminar on key issues and current topics in public health. Course begins in August SSII. Students must enroll in August, then Fall and Winter. The course is a series but grades and units are given at end of each quarter. May be repeated up to four times for credit. (S/U grading only.)—I, II, III, IV. (I, II, III, IV.) Kass, McCurdy, Koga, Schenker
STA 13. Elementary Statistics (4)
Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: two years of high school algebra or the equivalent in college. Descriptive statistics; basic probability concepts; binomial, normal, Student’s t, and chi-square distributions. Hypothesis testing and confidence intervals for one and two means and proportions. Regression. Not open for credit to students who have completed course 13V or higher. GE credit: SciEng | QL, SE.—I, II, III. (I, II, III.)

STA 100. Applied Statistics for Biological Sciences (4)
Lecture—3 hours; laboratory—1 hour. Prerequisite: Mathematics 16B or the equivalent. Descriptive statistics, probability, sampling distributions, estimation, hypothesis testing, contingency tables, ANOVA, regression; implementation of statistical methods using computer package. Only two units credit allowed to students who have taken course 13, 32 or 103. Not open for credit to students who have taken course 102. GE credit: SciEng | QL, SE.—I, II, III. (I, II, III.)

STA 144. Sampling Theory of Surveys (4)
Lecture—3 hours; discussion/laboratory—1 hour. Prerequisite: course 130B or 131B. Simple random, stratified random, cluster, and systematic sampling plans; mean, proportion, total, ratio, and regression estimators for these plans; sample survey design, absolute and relative error, sample size selection, strata construction; sampling and nonsampling sources of error. Offered in alternate years. GE credit: SciEng | QL, SE.—(I.)

ECN 132. Health Economics (4)
Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hour. Prerequisite: course 100 or consent of instructor. The health care market, emphasizing the role and use of economics. Individual demand, provision of services by doctors and hospitals, health insurance, managed care and competition, the role of government access to health care. —II. (II.) Cameron

ECN 140. Econometrics (4)
Lecture—3 hours; discussion—1 hours. Prerequisite: course 102, course 100 and course 101; Mathematics 16A and 16B or Mathematics 21A and 21B; Statistics 13, or any upper division Statistics course. Problems of observation, estimation and hypotheses testing in economics through the study of the theory and application of linear regression models. Critical evaluation of selected examples of empirical research. Exercises in applied economics. Not open for credit to students who have enrolled in or completed Agricultural and Resource Economics 106.—II. (II.)